US-PAT-NO: 5619280

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5619280 A

TITLE: Color conversion apparatus

that restricts the color

reproduction range of primary

color signals

DATE-ISSUED: April 8, 1997

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY

STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY

Yamashita; Haruo Ibaraki

N/A N/A JP

Fukushima; Tsumoru Kyoto

N/A N/A JP

APPL-NO: 08/ 421930

DATE FILED: April 14, 1995

FOREIGN-APPL-PRIORITY-DATA:

COUNTRY APPL-NO

APPL-DATE

JP 6-075848 April

14, 1994

US-CL-CURRENT: 348/645, 348/649 , 348/661

ABSTRACT:

The present invention provides color conversion apparatus that prevents overflow in color reproduction, changes in hue, and the deterioration of gradation to improve image quality. The present

color conversion apparatus inputs to itself luminance and color difference signals, sets a reference value not less than the maximum level of the luminance signal, converts the luminance and color difference signals into primary color signals, detects the maximum value of the primary color signals for each pixel, lowers the levels of the color difference signals if the maximum value is over the reference value to locate the amplitude of the primary color signals not greater than the reference value. Further, the present color conversion apparatus inputs to itself luminance and color difference signals, sets a reference value not greater than the minimum level of the luminance signal, converts the luminance and color difference signals into primary color signals, detects the minimum value of the primary color signals for each pixel, lowers the amplitudes of the color difference signals if the minimum value is under the reference value to locate the amplitude of the primary color signals not less than the reference value.

1 Claims, 16 Drawing figures

Exemplary Claim Number: 1

Number of Drawing Sheets: 12

----- KWIC -----

Detailed Description Text - DETX (73):

Matrix means 81 performs a 2.times.2 matrix operation defined by the equation (3), and hue and saturation are adjusted by the values of four coefficients a0, a1, a2, and a3 of the equation (3). The coefficients a0. a1, a2, and a3 are calculated and set beforehand by a means not shown in FIG. 11 following the equation (4), where h is a factor that increases saturation; in particular, if h>1, then saturation increases, and if h<1, then saturation decreases. The parameter w is a factor that rotates hue; in particular, if w.noteq.0, then the whole hue rotates in the chromaticity plane.